

Safety Data Sheet BORASMART



1. Identification			
Product identifier	BORASMART		
Product code	N/A		
Other means of identification	None.		
Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use	Treated wood offering resistance to insect attack. Not recommended for any other use not detailed on product data sheet or label.		
Manufacturer	Technologies Boralife inc. Office : 2811, rue Guillaume-Le Breton Quebec, QC Canada G1W 2A7 Treatment Plant: 600 Cormier Street Sorel-Tracy, QC Canada, J3R 5S2 Tel. +1 418-684-8484		
Emergency phone number	+1 418-684-8484		

2. Hazard identification

Wood and wood products are not regulated under the Canadian Hazardous Products Act (HPA) and Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) SOR/2015-17 (WHMIS 2015). However, wood dust released during the use or modifications of wood products may be hazardous. Wood or wood products are not regulated under the USA OSHA 29CFR Part 1910.1200 (HazCom 2012). However, wood or wood products which have been treated with a hazardous chemical covered by the HazCom 2012 standard, and wood which may be subsequently sawed or cut, generating dust, are not exempted. Wood dust may become hazardous and the potential hazards are described below.

WHMIS 2015/GHS/OSHA HCS 2012



Not Regulated under WHMIS 2015 Combustible Dust Carcinogenicity (Category 1)

DANGER

H29x : May form combustible dust concentrations in air

H350: May cause cancer by inhalation of dust

P201: Obtain special instructions before use.

P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

- P210: Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P261: Avoid breathing dust.

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P279: Avoid dust generation and accumulation.

P280: Wear gloves and eye protection.

P308+313: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.

P501: Dispose of contents in accordance with local, regional and national regulations.

3. Composition/information on ingredients				
Common name	CAS	Weight % content		
Softwood-based wood	CAS Softwood	98 - 99 %		
Disodium octaborate tetrahydrate	12280-03-4	1 - 2 %		

4. First-aid	4. First-aid measures				
Inhalation	Move person to fresh air.				
Skin contact	If a problem develops or persists, seek medical attention.				
Eye contact	Flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Hold eyelids apart to rinse properly. If a problem develops or persists, seek medical attention.				
Ingestion	Not relevant to this product. Never give anything by mouth if victim is unconscious or convulsing.				
Other	No additional information.				
Symptoms	Dusts can irritate eyes by mechanical friction. Dusts may irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing.				
Notes to the physician	Treat symptomatically.				

5. Fire-fighting measures				
Suitable extinguishing media	Curing agent			
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Sawn or cut wood will generate dust. Depending on various factors that influence the combustibility and explosiveness of the dust, the dispersal of fine dust particles into air in sufficient quantity and concentration to create a dust cloud with the confinement in a building, room or process equipment could be ignited; the dust cloud will burn rapidly and may explode. Therefore, use good ventilation and avoid accumulation of dust in presence of ignition sources.			
Special protective equipment	Firefighters must wear self contained breathing apparatus with full face mask.			
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	No additional information.			

6. Accidental rel	6. Accidental release measures				
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Make sure to wear personal protective equipment mentioned in this Safety Data Sheet.				
Environmental precautions	No immediate danger to the environment.				
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Ventilate the area well. Pick up mechanically and reuse as long as it is not contaminated. Vacuum or sweep up dust and place in an appropriate waste disposal container.				

7. Handling and storage			
Precautions for safe handling	Use only in well ventilated area. Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid breathing dust. Do not eat, do not drink and do not smoke during use. Wear eye protection, gloves and other protective clothing that are adapted to the task being performed and the risks involved.		
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and open flame. Store away from incompatible materials (see section 10).		
Storage temperature	N/A		

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health	No IDLH value is reported.					
Disodium octaborate tetr	ahydrate	STEL	Inhalable Fraction	6 mg/m ³	ACGIH	
		TWA (8h)	Inhalable Fraction	2 mg/m ³	ACGIH	
Wood dust		STEL	Total Dust	10 mg/m ³	ON	
		TWA (8h)	Inhalable Fraction	1 mg/m ³	ACGIH , BC, NIOSH	
	1		Total Dust	5 mg/m ³	ON , RSST	
Appropriate engineering controls			nical (general and/or local ve occupational exposure		e airborn concentrations of	
Individual protection m	easures					
Еуе	In the workplace, wear safety glasses with side shields. However, goggles are recommended if the product is used in such a way as to generate high dust levels.					
Hands	Not required in normal use. However, cloth, canvas or leather gloves are recommended to minimize potential mechanical irritation from handling product.					
Skin	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved. Wear normal work clothing covering arms and legs as required by employer code.					
Respiratory	respirator, equipment and stand	it is necessary t (RPE) must be ard 29 CFR 19	to follow a respiratory pro e selected, fitted, maintair	otection program. Mo ned and inspected in 8.2 or CSA Z 94.11	tions in the workplace require a oreover, respiratory protection accordance with regulations (Canada) and approved by pirator.	
Feet	Wear safe	ety boots.				

9. Physical and chemical properties				
Physical state	Solid	Flammability	Combustible dust.	
Colour	Pale brown	Flammability limits	40 to 120 g/m3 %	
Odour	Slight odor	Flash point	N/Av.	

Odour threshold	N/Av.	Auto-ignition temperature	N/Av.
рН	N/Ap.	Sensibility to electrostatic charges	N.Av.
Melting point	N/Av.	Sensibility to sparks and/or friction	No
Freezing point	N/Av.	Vapour density	N/Av. (Air = 1)
Boiling point	N/Av.	Relative density	N/Av. (Water = 1)
Solubility	Soluble in water.	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	N/Av.
Evaporation rate	N/Ap.	Decomposition temperature	N/Av.
Vapour pressure	N/Av.	Viscosity	N/Av.
Percent Volatile	N/Av.	Molecular mass	N/Ap.
N/Av.: 1	Not Available N/Ap.: Not Applicable	Und.: Undetermined	N/E: Not Established

10. Stability and reactivity				
Reactivity	Dust may form a flammable or explosive mixture in air.			
Chemical stability	Stable under normal conditions of use.			
Possibility of hazardous reactions (including polymerizations)	A dangerous reaction will not occur.			
Conditions to avoid	Keep away from heat and open flame. Avoid accumulation of dust in presence of ignition sources.			
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents (e.g. chlorine, fluorine, nitric acid, perchloric acid, peroxides, nitrates, chlorates, chromates, permanganates and perchlorates), strong acids (e.g. hydrochloric acid, sulfuric acid, phosphoric acid).			
Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.			

11. Toxicolo	gical information					
Numerical measures of toxicity	Mixture Disodium octaborate tetrahydrate	Inhalation Skin Ingestion Inhalation	>2000 mg/kg >5 mg/l/4h >2000 mg/kg >2550 mg/kg >2 mg/l/4h >2000 mg/kg	Rat Rabbit Rat Rabbit	LD50 LD50	
Likely routes of exposure	Skin, eyes, inhalation.					

Delayed,	Eye contact	Dusts can irritate eyes by mechanical friction.
immediate and	Skin contact	The mechanical friction can cause skin irritation.
chronic effects	Inhalation	Dusts may irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing.
	Ingestion	Not a likely route of exposure. May cause gastrointestinal blockage.
	Respiratory or skin sensitization	Wood dust, depending on the species, may cause allergic contact dermatitis and respiratory sensitization with prolonged, repetitive contact or exposure to elevated dust levels.
	IARC/NTP	Common name IARC NTP
	Classification	Wood dust 1 K IARC : 1- Carcinogenic; 2A- Probably carcinogenic; 2B- Possibly carcinogenic. NTP : K- Known to be carcinogens; R- Reasonably anticipated to be carcinogens.
	Carcinogenicity	Wood dust is carcinogenic to human. It may cause cancer of the nasal cavity and paranasal sinuses and nasopharynx in human. However, this carcinogenic property is clearly associated with exposure to hard wood dust (IARC, 1995). It should be noted that the risk of this chronic health hazard for the product in this form should be very low during normal use.
	Mutagenicity	Ingredients in this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% are not known to cause mutagenic effects.
	Reproductive toxicity	Animal ingestion studies in several species, at high doses, indicate that borates cause reproductive and developmental effects. The doses that cause these effects are far higher than any levels to which the human population is exposed. A human study of occupational exposure to borate dust showed no adverse effect on reproduction.
	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	No target organ is listed.
	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	No target organ is listed.
Interactive effects	No information availa	ble for this product.
Other information	No additional information.	

12. Ecological information

Ecological toxicity	Fish various LC50 >100 mg/L ; 96h
Persistence	Contain an ingredient that may be persistent in the environment.
Degradability	The product is not biodegradable (<70% in 28 days).
Bioaccumulative potential	No bioaccumulation.
Mobility in soil	Low potential for mobility in soil.
Other adverse effects	This chemical does not deplete the ozone layer.

13. Disposal considerations

Container

If possible, recycle (reprocess) the product. Observe all federal, state/provincial and municipal regulations. If necessary consult the Department of Environment or the relevant authorities.

14. Transport information					
UN Number	UN N/A				
UN Proper Shipping Name	Not regulated by TDG (Canada) and 49 CFR DOT (USA).				
Environmental hazards	This material does not contain marine pollutant.				
Special precautions for user	No information available for this product.				
TDG - Transportation o	f Dangerous Goods (Canada)				
Transport hazard class(es)	Not regulated				
Packing group	Not regulated				
Emergency response guidebook 2016					
IMO/IMDG - Internation	al Maritime Transport				
Classification	Not regulated				
IATA - International Air	Transport Association				
Classification	Not regulated				
	are provided as a customer service. As the shipper YOU remain responsible for complying with all applicable laws and regulations, including proper kaging. In addition, if a domestic exemption exists, it is the responsibility of the shipper to define the application of it.				

15. Regulatory information

CANADA

Common name	CAS	CEPA	DSL	NDSL	NPRI
Softwood-based wood	CAS Softwood				
Disodium octaborate tetrahydrate	12280-03-4				

- CEPA: List of Toxic Substances Managed Under Canadian Environmental Protection Act

- DSL: Domestic Substances List Inventory

- NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List Inventory

- NPRI: National Pollutant Release Inventory Substances

UNITED STATE OF AMERICA

Common name	CAS	TSCA	CER CLA	EPCRA 313	EPCRA 302/304	CAA 112(b) HON	CAA 112(b) HAP	CAA 112(r)	CWA 311	CWA Prio.
Softwood-based wood	CAS Softwood									
Disodium octaborate tetrahydrate	12280-03-4									

- TSCA: Toxic Substance Control Act

- CERCLA: Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act list of hazardous substances

- EPCRA 313: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act, Section 313 Toxic Chemicals

- EPCRA 302/304: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act, Section 302/304 Extremely Hazardous Substances

- CAA 112(b) HON: Clean Air Act - Hazardous Organic National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutant

- CAA 112(b) HAP: Clean Air Act - Hazardous Air Pollutants lists pollutants

- CAA 112(r): Clean Air Act - Regulated Chemicals for Accidental Release Prevention

- CWA 311: Clean Water Act - List of Hazardous Substances

- CWA Priority: Clean Water Act - Priority Pollutant list

California Proposition 65

No ingredients listed.

Other regulations	Disodium octaborate tetrahydrate (CAS no 12280-03-4) is not included in the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL) or in the USA TSCA Inventory because it is a hydrate. However, it is listed in these inventories in its anhydrous form of Disodium octaborate (CAS no 12008-41-2). - California Proposition 65: State of California EPA (OEHHA): Drilling, sawing, sanding or machining wood products can expose you to wood dust, which is listed as a cancer causing agent according to the state of California.							
	HMIS NFPA Heath Flamability Reactivity Protective Equipment							

16. Other in	formation
Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	Technologies Boralife inc. 2019-05-29
Version	01
Other information	REFERENCES: - Haz-Map, Information on Hazardous Chemicals and Occupational Diseases, http://hazmap.nlm.nih.gov/index.php - TOXNET Databases, Toxicology Data Network, NIH U.S. National Library of Medicine, http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/ - Service du répertoire toxicologique de la Commission des normes, de l'équité, de la santé et de la sécurité du travail (CNESST), http://www.reptox.csst.qc.ca
	ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System NFPA: National Fire Protection Association OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USA) NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health NTP: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health NTP: National Toxicology Program RSST: Règlement sur la santé et la sécurité du travail (Québec) GHS: Globally Harmonized System IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit (15 min) TWA: Time Weighted Averages WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System
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